

U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Science

ADVANCED TOKAMAKS

A Brief Introduction

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www.ofes.fusion.doe.gov

BPM Presentations are organized along configurations and topics

- Advanced Tokamaks
 - Burning Plasmas implicit in Van Dam's talk
 - DIII-D
 - C-MOD
- Spherical Tori
 - National ST Program
- Stellarators
 - National Compact Stellarator Program
 - NCSX
- Other Alternate Magnetic Configurations
 - Compact Tori
 - MST
- Enabling R&D
- Plasma Science
- Theory and Simulation
 - Theory Program overview
 - SCIDAC
- International Collaboration
- HEDLP/IFE
 - Heavy Ions
 - Fast and Shock Ignition
 - Magneto Inertial Fusion

What is ADVANCED TOKAMAK

• AT in the FES lexicon since 80's

Evolution of the tokamak concept over time

- Google search on 'Advanced Tokamaks'
 - Many cached references
 - Kessel presentation to APS in April 2003

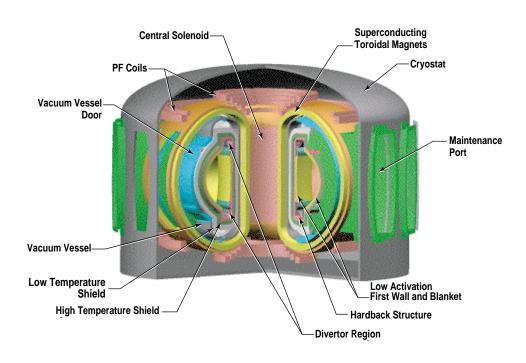
OPTIMIZATION OF THE TOKAMAK CONCEPT LEADS TO AN ATTRACTIVE FUSION POWER PLANT

Attractive features

- Improved power cycle
- Improved economics
- Reduced size
 Higher pressure, reduced heat loss

	Conventional	<u>Optimized</u>
Power cycle	Pulsed	Steady-state
COE ¢/kWhr	~13	~7
Major radius (m) 8	5

The U.S. ARIES system study

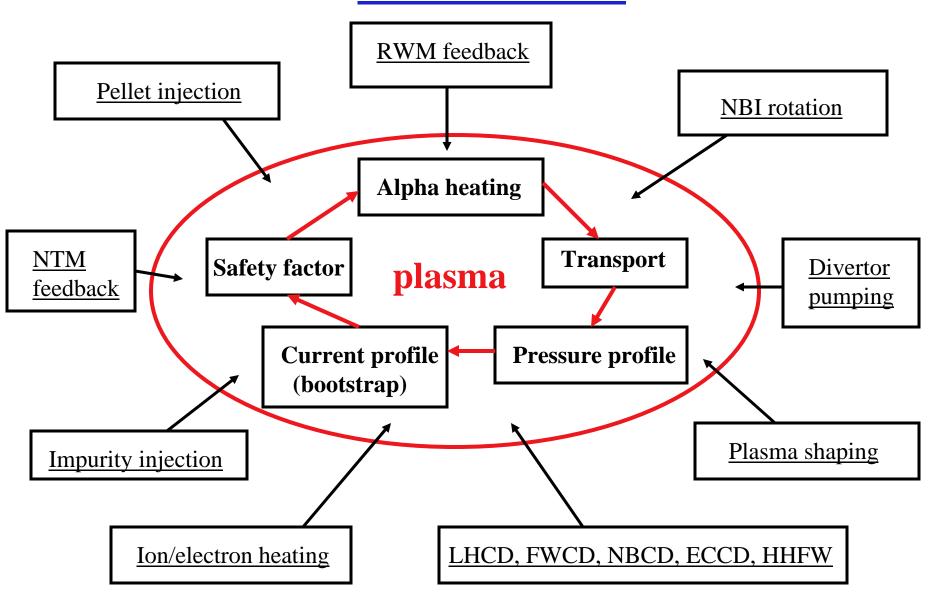


 Optimization of the tokamak concept is known as the Advanced Tokamak program

What is an Advanced Tokamak?

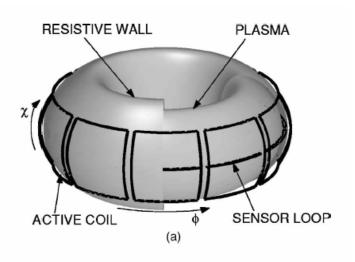
- The advanced tokamak plasma simultaneously obtains
 - Stationary state
 - High plasma kinetic pressure ---> MHD stability
 - High self-driven current
 Bootstrap current
 - Sufficiently good particle and energy confinement ---->
 Plasma transport
 - Plasma edge that allows particle and power handling ---->
 Boundary condition between hot core plasma and vacuum/solid walls
- The advanced tokamak is a recognition that the tokamak is an integrated system and requires control to succeed
- The advanced tokamak is a **tough nut to crack**

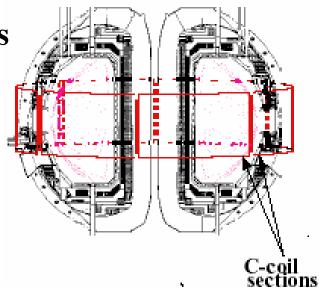
Appreciating the <u>plasma's integrated behavior</u> is helping us learn to control it



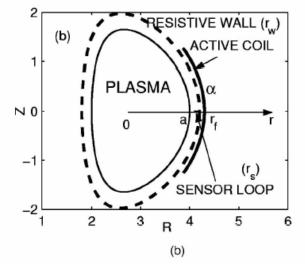
Theory and Experiments Show That Powerful MHD Instabilities Can Be Controlled

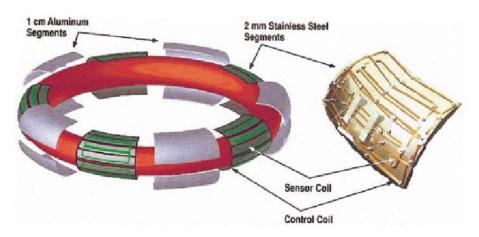
DIII-D, General Atomics





HBT-EP, Columbia Univ.

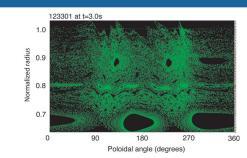


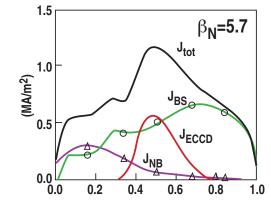


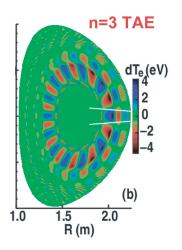
The DIII-D Program Plan has Three Major Goals

- ITER Support: Enable the success of ITER by providing physics solutions to key issues
- Advanced Tokamak: Establish the physics basis for steady-state high performance operation of ITER and beyond

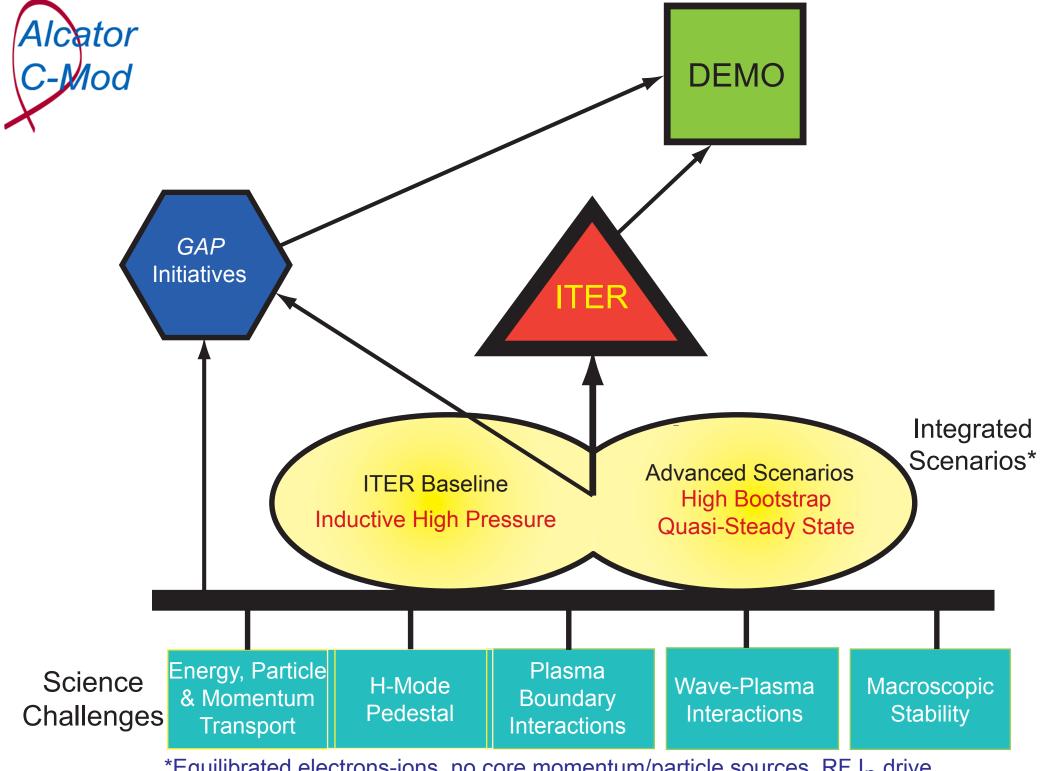
- <u>Fusion Science</u>: Advance fundamental understanding of fusion plasmas along a broad front
 - Validate predictive models











^{*}Equilibrated electrons-ions, no core momentum/particle sources, RF I_D drive

Evolution continues

- ITER long pulse operation based on AT
- AT an explicit program element in DIII-D and C-MOD in the past
- Now has evolved into 'Advanced Scenarios'
- Presentations from DIII-D and C-MOD
- No presentation for HBT-EP